



MISTANGO RIVER

R E S O U R C E S

UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of Mistango River Resources Inc. are the responsibility of the management and Board of Directors of the Company.

The unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared by management, on behalf of the Board of Directors, in accordance with the accounting policies disclosed in the notes to the unaudited interim financial statements. Where necessary, management has made informed judgments and estimates in accounting for transactions which were not complete at the statement of financial position date. In the opinion of management, the interim financial statements have been prepared within acceptable limits of materiality and are in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting and IFRS 1 - First-Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards appropriate in the circumstances.

Management has established systems of internal control over the financial reporting process, which are designed to provide reasonable assurance that relevant and reliable financial information is produced.

The Board of Directors is responsible for reviewing and approving the unaudited interim financial statements together with other financial information of the Company and for ensuring that management fulfills its financial reporting responsibilities. An Audit Committee assists the Board of Directors in fulfilling this responsibility. The Audit Committee meets with management to review the financial reporting process and the unaudited interim financial statements together with other financial information of the Company. The Audit Committee reports its findings to the Board of Directors for its consideration in approving the unaudited interim financial statements together with other financial information of the Company for issuance to the shareholders.

Management recognizes its responsibility for conducting the Company's affairs in compliance with established financial standards, and applicable laws and regulations, and for maintaining proper standards of conduct for its activities.

"Robert J. Kasner", President and CEO
Robert J. Kasner

"Johnny Oliveira", CFO
Johnny Oliveira

NOTICE TO READER

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of management. The unaudited interim financial statements for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 have not been reviewed by the Company's auditors.

Mistango River Resources Inc.

UNAUDITED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Canadian dollars)

AS AT,	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010	January 1, 2010
		(Note 3)	(Note 3)
ASSETS			
Current			
Cash (Note 5)	\$ 670,326	\$ 210,139	\$ 154,070
Restricted cash (Note 5)	-	116,568	582,589
Marketable securities (Note 6)	1,810,892	-	-
Trade and other receivables (Note 7)	45,824	41,980	458,331
Assets held for sale	-	-	1
	2,527,042	368,687	1,194,991
Investments (Note 8)	112,776	125,304	1,095,708
Property, plant and equipment (Note 9)	111,656	105,062	128,449
	\$ 2,751,474	\$ 599,053	\$ 2,419,148
LIABILITIES			
Current			
Trade and other payables (Note 10 and 11)	\$ 319,401	\$ 541,931	\$ 954,875
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 12)	15,142	14,583	13,950
	334,543	556,514	968,825
Long-term debt (Note 12)	23,971	31,879	46,462
Flow-through share premium (Note 13 (a))	106,000	-	-
	464,514	588,393	1,015,287
EQUITY			
Share capital (Note 13 (a))	17,724,936	17,234,936	17,234,186
Reserve for share based payments (Note 14(a))	3,580,474	3,415,474	3,415,474
Reserve for warrants (Note 14 (b))	78,000	-	-
Deficit	(19,162,226)	(20,730,441)	(19,151,119)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	65,776	90,691	(94,680)
	2,286,960	10,660	1,403,861
	\$ 2,751,474	\$ 599,053	\$ 2,419,148

Commitments and Contractual Obligations (Note 19)

Approved on behalf of the Board on August 11, 2011:

"Robert J. Kasner", Director

"Daniel Farrell", Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited interim financial statements

Mistango River Resources Inc.

UNAUDITED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS) AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Canadian dollars)

Periods ended June 30,	Three months		Six months	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Expenses		(Note 3)		(Note 3)
Share based compensation	\$ 165,000	\$ -	\$ 165,000	\$ -
Salaries, fees and benefits (Note 11)	48,802	94,419	110,054	187,237
Professional and consulting fees (Note 11)	34,160	13,309	51,038	41,453
Office, general and administrative (Note 11)	33,328	21,924	53,596	45,478
Shareholder Information	22,547	15,408	40,861	39,259
Amortization (Note 9)	6,153	5,339	11,406	12,542
Restructuring costs (Note 15)	-	-	-	5,781
Exploration and evaluation expenditures (Notes 11 and 16)	269,676	66,040	296,357	614,361
Net loss before the undernoted	(579,666)	(216,439)	(728,312)	(946,111)
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment (Note 15)	-	-	2,504,350	-
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities (Note 6)	182,114	-	(194,843)	-
Loss on sale of marketable securities (Note 6)	(59,367)	-	(59,367)	-
Loss on sale of investments (Note 8)	-	-	-	(200,020)
Flow-through share premium recovery (Note 13 (a))	34,000	-	34,000	-
Future income tax recovery (expense)	(2,600)	-	12,387	-
Net income (loss) for the period	\$ (425,519)	\$ (216,439)	\$ 1,568,215	\$(1,146,131)
Income (Loss) per share				
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.10	\$ (0.07)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding				
Basic and diluted	16,594,375	15,898,565	16,251,500	15,898,565
Comprehensive Income (Loss)				
Net income (loss)	\$ (425,519)	\$ (216,439)	\$ 1,568,215	\$(1,146,131)
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(18,278)	(4,176)	(24,915)	97,683
Net comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (443,797)	\$ (220,615)	\$ 1,543,300	\$(1,048,448)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited interim financial statements

Mistango River Resources Inc.

UNAUDITED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Canadian dollars)

	Share Capital		Reserves			Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Total
	Number of Shares*	Amount	Share based payments	Warrants	Deficit		
Balance at January 1, 2010	15,898,565	\$ 17,234,186	\$ 3,415,474	\$ -	\$ (19,151,119)	\$ (94,680)	\$ 1,403,861
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(1,146,131)	-	(1,146,131)
Unrealized gain on investments for the period	-	-	-	-	-	97,683	97,683
Balance at June 30, 2010	15,898,565	\$ 17,234,186	\$ 3,415,474	\$ -	\$ (20,297,250)	\$ 3,003	\$ 355,413
Shares issued for mineral properties	6,250	750	-	-	-	-	750
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(433,191)	-	(433,191)
Unrealized gain on investments for the period	-	-	-	-	-	87,688	87,688
Balance at December 31, 2010	15,904,815	\$ 17,234,936	\$ 3,415,474	\$ -	\$ (20,730,441)	\$ -	\$ 10,660
Shares issued on private placements	2,950,000	700,000	-	-	-	-	700,000
Flow-through share premium on private placements	-	(140,000)	-	-	-	-	(140,000)
Shares issued for mineral properties	50,000	8,000	-	-	-	-	8,000
Warrants issued on private placements	-	(78,000)	-	78,000	-	-	-
Share based payments	-	-	165,000	-	-	-	165,000
Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	1,568,215	-	1,568,215
Unrealized loss on investments for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(24,915)	(24,915)
Balance at June 30, 2011	18,904,815	\$ 17,724,936	\$ 3,580,474	\$ 78,000	\$ (19,162,226)	\$ 65,776	\$ 2,286,960

* Number of shares outstanding is post four for one share consolidation of the Company's issued and outstanding shares

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited interim financial statements

Mistango River Resources Inc.
UNAUDITED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW
(Canadian dollars)

Six months ended June 30,	2011	2010
Operations		
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,568,215	\$ (1,146,131)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash flow from operating activities:		
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	(2,504,350)	-
Realized loss on marketable securities	59,367	-
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	194,843	-
Share based payments	165,000	-
Future income tax recovery	(12,387)	-
Flow-through share premium recovery	(34,000)	-
Amortization	11,406	12,542
Shares issued for property payments	8,000	-
Loss on sale of investments	-	200,020
Net change in non-cash operating working capital items:		
Restricted cash	116,568	(624)
Trade and other receivables	(3,844)	50,921
Trade and other payables	(222,530)	(301,346)
	(653,712)	(1,184,618)
Financing		
Common shares issued, net of share issue costs	700,000	-
Payment of long-term debt	(7,349)	(6,889)
	692,651	(6,889)
Investing		
Proceeds from sale of investments	-	1,323,327
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	378,133	-
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(18,000)	-
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	61,115	-
	421,248	1,323,327
Net increase in cash	460,187	131,820
Cash, beginning of period	210,139	154,070
Cash, end of period	\$ 670,326	\$ 285,890

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited interim financial statements

Mistango River Resources Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN CONSIDERATIONS

Mistango River Resources Inc. ("Mistango" or the "Company") is a federally incorporated company. The Company's head office is located at 4 Al Wende Ave., Kirkland Lake, ON, P2N 3J5. At a Special Meeting of shareholders held on March 17, 2011, the shareholders approved the consolidation of its Class A Voting Common Shares on the basis of one (1) new common share for four (4) old common shares (the "Consolidation") and change the Company's name from GLR Resources Inc. to Mistango River Resources Inc. Fractional shares remaining after giving effect to the Consolidation were cancelled such that shareholdings of each shareholder will be rounded down to the nearest whole number of post Consolidation common shares. On March 23, 2011, Articles of Amendment were filed to give effect to the disclosed changes. Mistango's principal business is the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties. Substantially all of the efforts of the Company are devoted to these business activities. To date, the Company has not earned significant revenue and is considered to be in the exploration stage. The ability of the Company to carry out its business plan rests with its ability to secure equity and other financing.

As at June 30, 2011, the Company had working capital of \$2,192,499 (December 31, 2010 – working capital deficiency of \$187,827), had not yet achieved profitable operations, had accumulated losses of \$19,162,226 (December 31, 2010 - \$20,730,441) and expects to incur further losses in the development of its business, all of which casts doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company is in the exploration stage and has no proven reserves or production relating to its operations. The application of the going concern assumption is dependent upon the Company's ability to generate future profitable operations and obtain necessary financing to do so.

Management believes the Company has sufficient funds or access to sufficient funds to cover planned operations throughout the next twelve month period. However, management plans on securing additional financing through the issue of new equity, among other things. Nevertheless, there is no assurance that these initiatives will be successful.

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a "going concern", which assume that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations. The business of mining and exploring for minerals involves a high degree of risk and there is no guarantee that the Company's exploration programs will yield positive results or that the Company will be able to obtain the necessary financing to carry out the exploration and development of its mineral property interests.

Management believes the going concern assumption to be appropriate for these financial statements. If the going concern assumption was not appropriate, adjustments might be necessary to the carrying value of the assets and liabilities, reported revenues and expenses, and the statement of financial position classifications used in the financial statements.

The future profitability of exploration properties and the Company's continued existence are dependent upon the preservation of its interests in the underlying properties, the development of economically recoverable reserves, the achievement of profitable operations, or the ability of the Company to raise additional financing, if necessary, or alternatively upon the Company's ability to dispose of its interests on an advantageous basis.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the properties in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to government licensing requirements or regulations, unregistered prior agreements, undetected defects, unregistered claims, native land claims, and non-compliance with regulatory and environmental requirements.

Mistango River Resources Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These interim financial statements are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' ("IAS 34") using accounting policies consistent with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

The policies applied in these interim financial statements are based on IFRS issued and outstanding as of August 11, 2011, the date the Board of Directors approved the interim financial statements. Any subsequent changes to IFRS that are given effect in the annual financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2011 could result in restatement of these interim financial statements, including the transition adjustments recognized on change-over to IFRS.

These are the Company's second IFRS interim financial statements for part of the period covered by the Company's first IFRS annual financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2011. Previously, the Company prepared its annual and interim financial statements in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP").

As these are the Company's second set of interim financial statements in accordance with IFRS, the Company's disclosures exceed the minimum requirements under IAS 34. The Company has elected to exceed the minimum requirements in order to present the Company's accounting policies in accordance with IFRS and the additional disclosures required under IFRS, which also highlight the changes from the Company's 2010 annual financial statements prepared in accordance with Canadian GAAP. In 2011 and beyond, the Company may not provide the same amount of disclosure in the Company's interim financial statements under IFRS as the reader will be able to rely on the annual financial statements which will be prepared in accordance with IFRS.

2.2 Basis of presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain non-current assets and financial instruments, which are measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies set out in Note 4. The comparative figures presented in these interim financial statements are in accordance with IFRS and have not been audited.

2.3 Adoption of new and revised standards and interpretations

The IASB issued a number of new and revised International Accounting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards, amendments and related interpretations which are effective for the Company's financial year beginning on or after January 1, 2011. For the purpose of preparing and presenting the financial information for the relevant periods, the Company has consistently adopted all these new standards for the relevant reporting periods.

At the date of authorization of these financial statements, the IASB and IFRIC has issued the following new and revised Standards and Interpretations which are not yet effective for the relevant reporting periods.

- IFRS 9 '*Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement*' – effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted, introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial instruments.

Mistango River Resources Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

2.3 Adoption of new and revised standards and interpretations (continued)

- IFRS 10 '*Consolidated Financial Statements*' – effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted, establishes principles for the presentation and preparation of consolidated financial statements when an entity controls one or more other entities.
- IFRS 11 '*Joint Arrangements*' - effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted, provides for a more realistic reflection of joint arrangements by focusing on the rights and obligations of the arrangement, rather than its legal form.
- IFRS 12 '*Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities*' - effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted, requires the disclosure of information that enables users of financial statements to evaluate the nature of, and risks associated with its interests in other entities and the effects of those interests on its financial position, financial performance and cash flows.
- IFRS 13 '*Fair Value Measurement*' - effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted, provides guidance on the measurement of fair value and related disclosures through a fair value hierarchy.

The Company has not early adopted these standards, amendments and interpretations; however, the Company is currently assessing what impact the application of these standards or amendments will have on the financial statements of the Company.

3. FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IFRS

The Company has adopted IFRS on January 1, 2011 with a transition date of January 1, 2010. Under IFRS 1 '*First time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards*', the IFRS are applied retrospectively at the transition date with all adjustments to assets and liabilities as stated under GAAP taken to retained earnings unless certain exemptions are applied.

The Company elected to take the following IFRS 1 optional exemptions:

- to apply the requirements of IFRS 3, *Business Combinations*, prospectively from the transition date; and
- to apply the requirements of IFRS 2, *Share based payments*, only to equity instruments granted after November 7, 2002 which had not vested as of the transition date.

Mistango River Resources Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

3. FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IFRS (continued)

Below is the Company's Statement of Financial Position as at the transition date of January 1, 2010 under IFRS.

Reconciliation of assets, liabilities and equity

	As at January 1, 2010			
	GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS	Notes
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash	\$ 154,070	-	\$ 154,070	
Restricted cash	582,589	-	582,589	
Trade and other receivables	458,331	-	458,331	
Assets held for sale	1	-	1	
	1,194,991	-	1,194,991	
Investments	1,095,708	-	1,095,708	
Property, plant and equipment	128,449	-	128,449	
Mineral properties and deferred expenditures	1,936,657	(1,936,657)	-	(a)
	\$ 4,355,805	(1,936,657)	\$ 2,419,148	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Trade and other payables	\$ 954,875	-	\$ 954,875	
Current portion of long-term debt	13,950	-	13,950	
	968,825	-	968,825	
Long-term debt	46,642	-	46,462	
	1,015,287	-	1,015,287	
Equity				
Share capital	17,234,186	-	17,234,186	
Reserve for share based payments	3,415,474	-	3,415,474	
Deficit	(17,214,462)	(1,936,657)	(19,151,119)	(a)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(94,680)	-	(94,680)	
	3,340,518	(1,936,657)	1,403,861	
	\$ 4,355,805	(1,936,657)	\$ 2,419,148	

Mistango River Resources Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

3. FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IFRS (continued)

IFRS employs a conceptual framework that is similar to Canadian GAAP. The adoption has resulted in significant changes to the reported financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the Company. Presented below are reconciliations prepared by the Company to reconcile to IFRS the assets, liabilities, equity, net loss and cash flows of the Company from those reported under Canadian GAAP:

Reconciliation of assets, liabilities and equity

	As at June 30, 2010			Notes
	GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS	
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash	\$ 285,890	-	\$ 285,890	
Restricted cash	583,213	-	583,213	
Trade and other receivables	39,838	-	39,838	
Assets held for sale	1	-	1	
	908,942	-	908,942	
Investments	37,616	-	37,616	
Property, plant and equipment	115,907	-	115,907	
Mineral properties and deferred expenditures	2,530,842	(2,530,842)	-	(a)
	\$ 3,593,307	(2,530,842)	\$ 1,062,465	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Trade and other payables	\$ 653,529	-	\$ 653,529	
Current portion of long-term debt	14,411	-	14,411	
	667,940	-	667,940	
Long-term debt	39,112	-	39,112	
	707,052	-	707,052	
Equity				
Share capital	17,234,186	-	17,234,186	
Reserve for share based payments	3,415,474	-	3,415,474	
Deficit	(17,766,408)	(2,530,842)	(20,297,250)	(a)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	3,003	-	3,003	
	2,886,255	(2,530,842)	355,413	
	\$ 3,593,307	(2,530,842)	\$ 1,062,465	

Mistango River Resources Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

**NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$)
FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010****3. FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IFRS (continued)****Reconciliation of assets, liabilities and equity**

	As at December 31, 2010			Notes
	GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS	
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash	\$ 210,139	-	\$ 210,139	
Restricted cash	116,568	-	116,568	
Trade and other receivables	41,980	-	41,980	
	368,687	-	368,687	
Investments	125,304	-	125,304	
Property, plant and equipment	105,062	-	105,062	
Mineral properties and deferred expenditures	2,620,434	(2,620,434)	-	(a)
	\$ 3,219,487	(2,620,434)	\$ 599,053	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Trade and other payables	\$ 541,931	-	\$ 541,931	
Current portion of long-term debt	14,583	-	14,583	
	556,514	-	556,514	
Long-term debt	31,879	-	31,879	
	588,393	-	588,393	
Equity				
Share capital	17,234,936	-	17,234,936	
Reserve for share based payments	3,415,474	-	3,415,474	
Deficit	(18,110,007)	(2,620,434)	(20,730,441)	(a)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	90,691	-	90,691	
	2,631,094	(2,620,434)	10,660	
	\$ 3,219,487	(2,620,434)	\$ 599,053	

Mistango River Resources Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

3. FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IFRS (continued)

Reconciliation of statement of loss and comprehensive loss

	Three months ended June 30, 2010			
	GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS	Notes
Expenses				
Salaries, fees and benefits	\$ 94,419	-	\$ 94,419	
Professional and consulting fees	13,309	-	13,309	
Office, general and administrative	21,924	-	21,924	
Shareholder Information	15,408	-	15,408	
Amortization	5,339	-	5,339	
Write-down of mineral properties	20,176	(20,176)	-	(a)
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	-	66,040	66,040	(a)
Net loss for the period	\$ 170,575	45,864	\$ 216,439	
Comprehensive Loss				
Net loss	\$ 170,575	45,864	\$ 216,439	
Unrealized loss on investments	4,176	-	4,176	
Net comprehensive loss	\$ 174,751	45,864	\$ 220,615	

Mistango River Resources Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

3. FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IFRS (continued)

Reconciliation of statement of loss and comprehensive loss

	Six months ended June 30, 2010			Notes
	GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS	
Expenses				
Salaries, fees and benefits	\$ 187,237	-	\$ 187,237	
Professional and consulting fees	41,453	-	41,453	
Office, general and administrative	45,478	-	45,478	
Shareholder Information	39,259	-	39,259	
Amortization	12,542	-	12,542	
Restructuring costs	5,781	-	5,781	
Write-down of mineral properties	20,176	(20,176)	-	(a)
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	-	614,361	614,361	(a)
Net loss before the undernoted	351,926	594,185	\$ 946,111	
Loss on sale of investments	200,020	-	200,020	
Net loss for the period	\$ 551,946	594,185	\$ 1,146,131	
Comprehensive Loss				
Net loss	\$ 551,946	594,185	\$ 1,146,131	
Unrealized gain on investments	(97,683)	-	(97,683)	
Net comprehensive loss	\$ 454,263	594,185	\$ 1,048,448	

Mistango River Resources Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

3. FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IFRS (continued)

Reconciliation of statement of comprehensive loss

	Year ended December 31, 2010			Notes
	GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS	
Expenses				
Salaries, fees and benefits	\$ 314,296	-	\$ 314,296	
Professional and consulting fees	135,451	-	135,451	
Office, general and administrative	86,943	-	86,943	
Shareholder Information	78,934	-	78,934	
Amortization	23,387	-	23,387	
Restructuring costs	36,338	-	36,338	
Write-down of mineral properties	20,176	(20,176)	-	(a)
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	-	703,953	703,953	(a)
Net loss before the undernoted	695,525	683,777	\$1,379,302	
Loss on sale of investments	200,020		200,020	
Net loss for the period	\$ 895,545	683,777	\$1,579,322	
Comprehensive Loss				
Net loss	\$ 895,545	683,777	\$1,579,322	
Unrealized gain on investments	(185,371)	-	(185,371)	
Net comprehensive loss	\$ 710,174	683,777	\$1,393,951	

Mistango River Resources Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

**NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$)
FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010****3. FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IFRS (continued)****Reconciliation of Cash Flows**

	Six months ended June 30, 2010			Notes
	GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS	
Operations				
Net loss	\$ (551,946)	(594,185)	\$(1,146,131)	(a)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash flow from operating activities:				
Amortization	12,542	-	12,542	
Loss on sale of investments	200,020	-	200,020	
Write-down of mineral properties	20,176	(20,176)	-	(a)
Net change in non-cash operating working capital items				
Restricted cash	(624)	-	(624)	
Trade and other receivables	50,921	-	50,921	
Trade and other payables	(301,346)	-	(301,346)	
	(570,257)	(614,361)	(1,184,618)	
Financing				
Payment of long-term debt	(6,889)	-	(6,889)	
	(6,889)	-	(6,889)	
Investing				
Proceeds from sale of investments	1,323,327	-	1,323,327	
Expenditures on deferred exploration	(614,361)	614,361	-	(a)
	708,966	614,361	1,323,327	
Net increase in cash	131,820	-	131,820	
Cash, beginning of period	154,070	-	154,070	
Cash, end of period	\$ 285,890	-	\$ 285,890	

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**NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$)
FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010****3. FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IFRS (continued)****Reconciliation of Cash Flows**

	Year ended December 31, 2010			Notes
	GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS	
Operations				
Net loss	\$ (895,545)	(683,777)	\$ (1,579,322)	(a)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash flow from operating activities:				
Amortization	23,387	-	23,387	
Write-down of mineral properties	20,176	(20,176)	-	(a)
Shares issued for exploration and evaluation expenditures	-	750	750	(a)
Loss on sale of investments	200,020	-	200,020	
Net change in non-cash operating working capital items				
Restricted cash	466,021	-	466,021	
Trade and other receivables	48,779	-	48,779	
Assets held for sale	1	-	1	
Trade and other payables	(412,944)	-	(412,944)	
	(550,105)	(703,203)	(1,253,308)	
Financing				
Payment of long-term debt	(13,950)	-	(13,950)	
	(13,950)	-	(13,950)	
Investing				
Proceeds from sale of investments	1,323,327	-	1,323,327	
Expenditures on deferred exploration	(703,203)	703,203	-	(a)
	620,124	703,203	1,323,327	
Net increase in cash	56,069	-	56,069	
Cash, beginning of year	154,070	-	154,070	
Cash, end of year	\$ 210,139	-	\$ 210,139	

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

3. FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IFRS (continued)

Notes to Reconciliations

a) Acquisition, exploration and evaluation expenditures

Under Canadian GAAP – Prior to 2011, the Company used the policy to defer the cost of mineral properties and their related exploration and development costs until the properties are placed into production, sold or abandoned. These costs would be amortized over the estimated useful life of the properties following the commencement of production. Cost includes both the cash consideration as well as the fair market value of any securities issued on the acquisition of mineral properties. Properties acquired under option agreements or joint ventures, whereby payments were made at the sole discretion of the Company, were recorded in the accounts at such time as the payments are made. The proceeds from property options granted reduced the cost of the related property and any excess over cost was applied to income.

Under IFRS – Acquisition, exploration and evaluation expenditures for each property, net of incidental revenues, are charged to operations in the period incurred until such time as it has been determined that a property has economically recoverable reserves, in which case subsequent exploration costs and the costs incurred to develop a property are capitalized into property, plant and equipment (“PPE”). On the commencement of commercial production, depletion of each mining property will be provided on a unit-of-production basis using estimated resources as the depletion base.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Mineral properties

All acquisition and exploration costs, net of incidental revenues, are charged to operations in the period incurred until such time as it has been determined that a property has economically recoverable reserves, in which case subsequent exploration costs and the costs incurred to develop a property are capitalized into PPE. On the commencement of commercial production, depletion of each mining property will be provided on a unit-of-production basis using estimated resources as the depletion base.

4.2 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of an item of PPE consists of the purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use and an initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write-off the cost of PPE, less their estimated residual value, using the declining balance method or unit-of-production method over the expected useful lives at the following rates:

• Exploration equipment	30%
• Office furniture	20%

An item of PPE is derecognized upon disposal, when held for sale or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of the asset, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

The Company conducts an annual assessment of the residual balances, useful lives and depreciation methods being used for PPE and any changes arising from the assessment are applied by the Company prospectively.

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.2 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Where an item of plant and equipment comprises major components with different useful lives, the components are accounted for as separate items of plant and equipment. Expenditures incurred to replace a component of an item of property, plant and equipment that is accounted for separately, including major inspection and overhaul expenditures are capitalized.

4.3 Decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities (“Asset retirement obligation” or “ARO”)

The Company recognizes liabilities for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations, including those associated with the reclamation of mineral properties and PPE, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. Initially, a liability for an asset retirement obligation is recognized at its fair value in the period in which it is incurred. Upon initial recognition of the liability, the corresponding asset retirement obligation is added to the carrying amount of the related asset and the cost is amortized as an expense over the economic life of the asset using either the unit-of-production method or the straight-line method, as appropriate. Following the initial recognition of the asset retirement obligation, the carrying amount of the liability is increased for the passage of time and adjusted for changes to the current market-based discount rate, amount or timing of the underlying cash flows needed to settle the obligation.

4.4 Share based payments

Share based payment transactions

Employees (including directors and senior executives) of the Company receive a portion of their remuneration in the form of share based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments (“equity-settled transactions”).

In situations where equity instruments are issued and some or all of the goods or services received by the entity as consideration cannot be specifically identified, they are measured at fair value of the share based payment.

Equity-settled transactions

The costs of equity-settled transactions with employees are measured by reference to the fair value at the date on which they are granted.

The costs of equity-settled transactions are recognized, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award (the “vesting date”). The cumulative expense is recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the Company’s best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The profit or loss charge or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period and the corresponding amount is represented in share option reserve.

No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is conditional upon a market condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market condition is satisfied provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.4 Share based payments (continued)

Equity-settled transactions (continued)

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognized is the expense as if the terms had not been modified. An additional expense is recognized for any modification which increases the total fair value of the share based payment arrangement, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

4.5 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the date of the statement of financial position.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the date of the statement of financial position between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized except:

- where the deferred income tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.5 Taxation (continued)

- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each date of the statement of financial position and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each date of the statement of financial position and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the date of the statement of financial position.

Deferred income tax relating to items recognized directly in equity is recognized in equity and not in the statement of comprehensive income.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset if, and only if, a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend to either settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be settled or recovered.

4.6 Loss per share

The basic loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The diluted loss per share reflects the potential dilution of common share equivalents, such as outstanding stock options and share purchase warrants, in the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year, if dilutive. The "treasury stock method" is used for the assumed proceeds upon the exercise of the options and warrants that are used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the year. During the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 all of the outstanding stock options and warrants were antidilutive.

4.7 Financial assets

All financial assets are initially recorded at fair value and designated upon inception into one of the following four categories: held-to-maturity, available-for-sale, loans-and-receivables or at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

Financial assets classified as FVTPL are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized through earnings. The Company's cash and marketable securities are classified as FVTPL.

Financial assets classified as loans-and-receivables and held-to-maturity are measured at amortized cost. The Company's trade and other receivables are classified as loans-and-receivables.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.7 Financial assets (continued)

Financial assets classified as available-for-sale are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) except for losses in value that are considered other than temporary. The Company's investments are classified as available-for-sale.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace (regular way trades) are recognized on the settlement date.

Transaction costs associated with FVTPL financial assets are expensed as incurred, while transaction costs associated with all other financial assets are included in the initial carrying amount of the asset.

4.8 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are initially recorded at fair value and designated upon inception as FVTPL or other-financial-liabilities.

Financial liabilities classified as other-financial-liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, other-financial-liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period. The Company's trade and other payables, promissory notes payable and current and long-term portions of long-term debt are classified as other-financial-liabilities.

Financial liabilities classified as FVTPL include financial liabilities held-for-trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held-for-trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Fair value changes on financial liabilities classified as FVTPL are recognized through the statement of comprehensive income. At June 30, 2011 the Company has not classified any financial liabilities as FVTPL.

4.9 Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each date of the statement of financial position whether a financial asset is impaired.

Assets carried at amortized cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on assets carried at amortized cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the assets carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is then reduced by the amount of the impairment. The amount of the loss is recognized in profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.9 Impairment of financial assets (continued)

In relation to trade receivables, a provision for impairment is made and an impairment loss is recognized in profit and loss when there is objective evidence (such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor) that the Company will not be able to collect all of the amounts due under the original terms of the invoice. The carrying amount of the receivable is reduced through use of an allowance account. Impaired debts are written off against the allowance account when they are assessed as uncollectible.

Available-for-sale

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognized in profit or loss, is transferred from equity to profit or loss. Reversals in respect of equity instruments classified as available-for-sale are not recognized in profit or loss.

4.10 Impairment of non-financial assets

At each date of the statement of financial position, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is an indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the assets belong.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the statement of comprehensive income, unless the relevant asset is carried at a re-valued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years.

4.11 Cash

Cash in the statement of financial position comprises cash at banks and on hand.

4.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) that has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.13 Related party transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence, related parties may be individuals or corporate entities. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties. Related party transactions that are in the normal course of business and have commercial substance are measured at the exchange amount.

4.14 Significant accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgments and estimates and form assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its judgments and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management uses historical experience and various other factors it believes to be reasonable under the given circumstances as the basis for its judgments and estimates. Actual outcomes may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions. The most significant estimates relate to asset retirement obligations; property, plant and equipment, recoverability of trade and other receivables, valuation of deferred income tax amounts, impairment testing and the calculation of share based payments. The most significant judgements relate to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities, determination of the commencement of commercial production and the determination of the economic viability of a project.

4.15 Flow-through Shares

The obligation to renounce tax deductions at the time of issuance of flow-through shares is recorded as a liability in accordance with IAS 37, "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" measured using a residual or a relative fair value method. This obligation is released into the statement of comprehensive income as a gain as and when the Company incurs qualifying expenditures (i.e. fulfilling its obligation to renounce tax attributes).

4.16 Comparatives

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to account presentation in the current year. The net loss stated in prior year has not been affected by these changes.

5. CASH

The cash balance at June 30, 2011, contains cash on deposit of \$670,326 (December 31, 2010 - \$210,139).

Restricted cash at June 30, 2011 of \$Nil (December 31, 2010 - \$116,568), consists of cash on deposit. This restricted cash is held in trust by the Trustee in its capacity as trustee in bankruptcy. Included in Trade payables and other is an equivalent amount owing to the Trustee. These funds were used to settle the Trustee's outstanding account.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

6. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Marketable securities are comprised of 1,146,134 (December 31, 2010 - Nil) common shares of Brigus Gold Corp. ("Brigus"), a publicly traded Canadian company traded on the Toronto stock exchange ("TSX"). As at June 30, 2011, these FVTPL investments have been measured at their fair value of \$1,810,892 (December 31, 2010 - \$Nil), as determined by the closing bid price of the securities on the TSX on June 30, 2011 (December 31, 2010). The revaluation to market value resulted in an unrealized loss on marketable securities of \$194,843 (2010 - \$Nil) as market value was less than the previous carrying value as at June 30, 2011. During the six month period ended June 30, 2011, the Company sold 250,000 (2010 - Nil) of these shares for net proceeds of \$378,133. The Company recorded a realized loss of \$59,367 (2010 - \$Nil) on the sale of these marketable securities.

7. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

The Company's trade and other receivables arise from three main sources: sales and harmonized services tax ("HST") receivable due from government taxation authorities, receivables from related parties and prepaid expenses. These are broken down as follows:

As at,	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010	January 1, 2010
	\$	\$	\$
HST receivable	45,824	27,716	75,093
Due from related parties	-	14,264	9,773
Other receivables and prepaid expenses	-	-	373,465
Total trade and other receivables	\$ 45,824	\$ 41,980	\$ 458,331

At June 30, 2011, the Company anticipates full recovery of these amounts and therefore no impairment has been recorded against these receivables. The credit risk on the receivables has been further discussed in Note 17.

The Company holds no collateral for any receivable amounts outstanding as at June 30, 2011.

8. INVESTMENTS

Investments include 835,121 shares of RJK Explorations Inc. ("RJK") and 136 shares of Strategic Resources Inc. ("SRI"), publicly-traded Canadian companies listed on the TSX-V. As at June 30, 2011 these available-for-sale investments have been measured at their fair value, as determined by the closing bid price of the securities on June 30, 2011 of \$112,776 (December 31, 2010 - \$125,304). The impact to the interim financial statements of this revaluation to market value resulted in an decrease of \$15,528 to the value of the investments with a corresponding increase in accumulated other comprehensive loss of \$24,915 offset by future income tax recovery of \$12,387 that has been included in the current period's net income.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Exploration equipment	Office furniture	Total
Cost			
As at January 1, 2010 and December 31, 2010	\$ 121,843	\$ 36,776	\$ 158,619
Additions	18,000	-	18,000
As at June 30, 2011	\$ 139,843	\$ 36,776	\$ 176,619
Accumulated depreciation			
As at January 1, 2010	\$ -	\$ 30,170	\$ 30,170
Amortization	22,066	1,321	23,387
As at December 31, 2010	22,066	31,491	53,557
Amortization	10,878	528	5,253
As at June 30, 2011	\$ 32,944	\$ 32,019	\$ 58,810
Net book value			
As at December 31, 2010	99,777	5,285	105,062
As at June 30, 2011	106,899	4,757	111,656

10. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables of the Company are principally comprised of amounts outstanding for trade purchases relating to exploration activities and amounts payable for operating and financing activities. The usual credit period taken for trade purchases is between 30 to 90 days.

The following is an aged analysis of the trade and other payables:

As at,	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010	January 1, 2010
	\$	\$	\$
Less than 1 month	28,321	459,146	924,413
1 – 3 months	7,810	8,775	2,340
Over 3 months	283,270	74,010	28,122
Total trade and other payables	\$ 319,401	\$ 541,931	\$ 954,875

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Officers, directors and companies controlled by officers and directors of the Company and individuals related to them charged management, professional and consulting fees, exploration services in the amount of \$96,000 (2010 - \$166,000) to the Company during the six month period ended June 30, 2011. In addition, the Company incurred exploration and evaluation expenditures of \$7,000 (2010 - \$21,000) indirectly paid to a sibling of a director and President of Mistango.

During the six month period ended June 30, 2011, the Company was charged \$11,000 (2010 - \$11,000) for rent paid to a company controlled by the President of the Company (See Note 19- Commitments and Contractual Obligations). These amounts are included in included in office, general and administrative.

Trade and other payables at June 30, 2011 includes \$Nil (December 31, 2010 - \$2,000) owing to officers, directors and companies controlled by officers and directors.

Amounts due from related parties in trade and other receivables are miscellaneous expense advances for which expense reports have not cleared at period end.

The Company entered into a short-term loan agreement with the President of the Company to provide a loan facility of up to \$200,000. The company used \$104,000 of this line during the six month period ended June 30, 2011 and then repaid it in full during the same period. As at June 30, 2011, there is a \$Nil (2010 - \$Nil) balance outstanding on this facility. Interest on this loan during the six month period ended June 30, 2011 was \$664 (2010 - \$Nil) and is included in office, general and administrative.

Management believes these transactions are in the normal course of business and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration agreed to by the related parties.

12. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt arises from the purchase of a truck during December 2009 for use in operations by the Company. The remaining term of the loan is for a period of 30 months, is fully secured and bears interest at the rate 5.9% per annum.

Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 15,142
Long-term portion of long-term debt	<u>\$ 23,971</u>
Long-term debt balance outstanding	<u>\$ 39,113</u>

Management does not believe any of the conditions to accelerate the payment obligation will occur in the current period; accordingly, the outstanding balance due later than one year is recorded as long-term debt.

The remaining principal repayments over the next three years are as follows:

Fiscal	Amount \$
2011	7,441
2012	15,541
2013	16,131
	<u>39,113</u>

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

13. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Common shares

Mistango's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of Class A Voting Common Shares, and an unlimited number of non-voting, redeemable Class B Preferred Shares, Series A. This series is redeemable by the Company, in whole or in part, at the rate of \$1,000 per Series A share. The holders of the Series A shares are not entitled to dividends.

The issued Class A Voting Common Share capital is summarized as follows:

	Number of Shares	Amount
Balance, January 1, 2010	63,595,024	\$ 17,234,186
Issued for mineral properties	25,000	750
Balance, December 31, 2010	63,620,024	17,234,936
Consolidation 4:1	(47,715,209)	-
March 23, 2011	15,904,815	17,234,936
Private placements	2,950,000	700,000
Issued for mineral properties	50,000	8,000
Fair value of warrants issued on private placements	-	(78,000)
Flow-through share premium on private placements	-	(104,000)
Balance, June 30, 2011	18,904,815	\$ 17,724,936

On June 3, 2011, the Company completed a private placement totaling 2,200,000 units at \$0.25 each for an aggregate amount of \$550,000. Each unit is comprised of one "flow-through" common share and one half of one common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable at a price of \$0.35 for a period of 12 months and then \$0.45 for the ensuing 12 month period. The flow-through shares were issued at a premium to the market price in recognition of the tax benefits accruing to subscribers. The flow-through premium was calculated to be \$140,000. During the six month period ended June 30, 2011, the flow-through share premium liability of \$34,000 (2010- \$Nil) was reversed (resulting from flow-through funds spent) and recorded as a flow-through share premium recovery in the statements of loss and comprehensive loss for the six month period ended June 30, 2011.

The fair value of the 1,100,000 share purchase warrants was estimated at \$56,000 using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following assumptions: dividend yield 0%; risk free interest 0.01%; volatility 100% and an expected life of 2 years.

On June 30, 2011, the Company completed a private placement totaling 750,000 units at \$0.20 each for an aggregate amount of \$150,000. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one half of one common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable at a price of \$0.35 for a period of 12 months and then \$0.45 for the ensuing 12 month period.

The fair value of the 375,000 share purchase warrants was estimated at \$22,000 using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following assumptions: dividend yield 0%; risk free interest 0.01%; volatility 100% and an expected life of 2 years.

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13. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

(b) Options

The Company has a stock option plan (the "Plan") under which the directors of the Company may grant options to acquire common shares of the Company to directors and officers, employees, and consultants of the Company. The maximum aggregate number of common shares under options any time under the Plan cannot exceed 10% of the issued shares. As at June 30, 2011, the Company had 340,482 (December 31, 2010 – 4,632,002) options available for issuance under the Plan. The options outstanding to purchase common shares are as follows:

	June 30, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Options	Weighted Average Exercise price	Options	Weighted Average Exercise price
Outstanding at beginning of period/year	1,730,000	\$ 0.55	2,130,000	\$ 0.53
Transaction during the period/year				
Consolidation 4:1	(1,297,500)	2.20	-	-
Post consolidation	(432,500)	2.20		
Granted	1,550,000	0.25	-	-
Forfeited/Expired	(432,500)	2.20	(400,000)	0.45
Outstanding at end of period/year	1,550,000	\$ 0.25	1,730,000	\$ 0.55

The following summarizes information on the stock options outstanding at June 30, 2011.

Range of Exercise Prices (\$)	No. of Options Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Life (Years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price (\$)
0.25	1,550,000	4.95	0.25
0.25	1,550,000	4.95	0.25

The fair value of each option was estimated on the date of grant. The following are the assumptions used under Black-Scholes at the measurement date for the six month period ended June 30, 2011:

	June 9, 2011	Total
Options Issued	1,550,000	1,550,000
Risk-free interest rate	2.25%	
Expected life	5 years	
Exercise price	\$0.25	
Price volatility	100%	
Dividend yield	Nil	
Share based compensation	\$165,000	\$165,000

The weighted average grant-date fair value of options granted during the six month period ended June 30, 2011 was \$0.11 (Year ended December 31, 2010 – \$Nil) per option issued.

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13. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

(c) Common Share Purchase Warrants

The exercise price and expiry date of the warrants outstanding at period end are as follows:

Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
1,100,000	0.35 ⁽¹⁾	June 3, 2013
375,000	0.35 ⁽²⁾	June 30, 2013
<u>1,475,000</u>		

⁽¹⁾ Each warrant is exercisable at \$0.35 until June 3, 2012, and \$0.45 until expiry.

⁽²⁾ Each warrant is exercisable at \$0.35 until June 30, 2012, and \$0.45 until expiry.

14. RESERVES

(a) Share based payments

Reserve for share based payments is comprised of the following:

	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010	January 1, 2010
Balance, beginning of the period/year	\$ 3,415,474	\$ 3,415,474	\$ 3,415,474
Share based payments	165,000	-	-
Balance, end of period/year	<u>\$ 3,580,474</u>	<u>\$ 3,415,474</u>	<u>\$ 3,415,474</u>

(b) Warrants

Reserve for share based payments is comprised of the following:

	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010	January 1, 2010
Balance, beginning of the period/year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fair value of warrants issued on private placements	78,000	-	-
Balance, end of period/year	<u>\$ 78,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

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15. RESTRUCTURING AND GAIN ON SALE OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

On May 26, 2009, the Company announced that it had entered into a definitive purchase and sale agreement with Linear Gold Corp., now Brigus to sell its 100% interest in the Goldfields Mine, including the Box and Athona deposits, contiguous exploration property and plant and equipment. Following court approval of this transaction on August 18, 2009, the sale closed on August 20, 2009. Upon closing of the transaction, Brigus paid US\$5.0 million, in cash, and issued 727,272 common shares of then Linear Gold Corp.

On May 29, 2009, the Company filed a Notice of Intention with the Official Receiver to make a proposal to its creditors under the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act* ("BIA"). Paddon + Yorke Inc. ("PYI" or the "Trustee") was appointed as proposal trustee under the BIA proceeding. The Company filed its proposal on June 5, 2009 and, subsequently filed certain amendments to the proposal on July 20, 2009 (the "Proposal"). The Proposal was governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of Ontario and the federal laws of Canada.

On August 18, 2009, the Court approved the Proposal and the sale of its Goldfields assets to Brigus. The Transaction closed on August 20, 2009. The Trustee has certified that the Company has fully performed its obligations under the proposal in bankruptcy as of the 15th day of June 2010.

In addition and subject to certain conditions, the Company was to receive post-closing reimbursement of deposits, aggregating approximately \$2.8 million, made by the Company in respect of certain equipment contracts which were assigned to a wholly-owned subsidiary of Brigus as part of the Transaction. On December 31, 2009, Brigus reimbursed the Company in the amount of \$300,000.

On January 27, 2011, the Company and, Brigus entered into a settlement agreement, as amended, which provided for the issuance to the Company of 1,396,134 common shares of Brigus valued at \$2,443,235 based on a deemed price of \$1.75 per share and cash payments aggregating US\$60,000 comprised of three equal payments of US\$20,000 payable on the last day of each of February, March and April of 2011. As a result of this transaction, the Company recorded a gain on sale of property, plant and equipment of \$2,504,350 (2010 - \$Nil).

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

16. MINERAL PROPERTIES AND EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURES

The evaluation and exploration expenses for the Company are broken down as follows:

	Six months ended		Cumulative
	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010	to date *
Baldwin, Ontario	\$ 1,299	\$ 108,082	\$ 594,227
Casa Berardi, Quebec	4,516	392,281	683,621
Goldie, Ontario	-	-	511,825
Kirkland West, Ontario	-	1,208	252,389
Omega Property, Ontario	259,295	1,836	282,618
Sackville, Ontario	29,731	110,537	473,499
General and other	1,516	417	118,612
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	\$ 296,357	\$ 614,361	\$ 2,916,791

* Only properties currently under exploration are included in this figure.

Pursuant to a re-instated option agreement in respect of its Boudreault property, the Company made a \$10,000 payment in 2010. In order to exercise its right to acquire the Boudreault property under the re-instated option, Mistango made a cash payment of \$15,000 and issued 25,000 shares in the capital of the Company on December 1, 2010.

On June 14, 2011, the Company entered into a property option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in six claims in close proximity to the Company's Omega property in Larder Lake, Ontario. To acquire a 100% interest the Company will pay cash of \$150,000 as follows: \$25,000 on signing (paid), \$25,000 on or before June 30, 2012, \$50,000 on or before June 30, 2013, and \$50,000 on or before June 30, 2014 and issue 300,000 common shares as follows: 50,000 on signing (issued with a fair value of \$8,000), 50,000 on or before June 30, 2012, 100,000 on or before June 30, 2013, and 100,000 on or before June 30, 2014. In addition, the Company is required to carry out \$500,000 in work expenditures on these claims by June 30, 2014. The vendor will retain a 3% NSR.

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value

The Company's financial instruments as at June 30, 2011 include cash, marketable securities, trade and other receivables, investments, trade and other payables, and long-term debt. The Company has designated its cash and marketable securities as FVTPL, which are measured at fair value cash and is determined based on transaction value and is categorized as Level 1 measurement. The Company has designated its investments as available-for-sale, which are measured at fair value cash and is determined based on transaction value and is categorized as Level 1 measurement. Fair value of trade and other receivable and trade and other payables, promissory notes payable and long-term debt are determined from transaction values which were derived from observable market inputs. Fair values of these financial instruments are based on Level 2 measurements. The Company records its financial instruments at their carrying amounts which approximates fair value, unless otherwise disclosed in the financial statements. The carrying amounts approximate fair values due to the short-term maturities of these financial instruments.

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17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Interest-rate risk

The Company has cash balances bearing fixed interest rates and no interest bearing debt. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short term deposit certificates issued by its banking institutions. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its banks.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and receivables included in current assets. The Company has no material concentration of credit risk arising from operations. Cash consist of bank deposits, which have been invested in a Canadian chartered bank, from which management believes the risk of loss is remote. As at June 30, 2011, the Company's receivables primarily consist of amounts due from the Canadian government. The Company's receivables are normally collected within a 60-90 day period. The Company has not experienced any significant collection issues to June 30, 2011. The Company is exposed to credit risk with regards to debtors refusing payment and the government denying the Company claims filed.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk as at June 30, 2011 is the carrying value of cash and trade and other receivables.

Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at June 30, 2011, the Company had current assets of \$2,527,042 (December 31, 2010 - \$368,687) to settle current liabilities of \$334,543 (December 31, 2010 - \$556,514). The ability of the Company to continue to pursue its exploration activities and continue as a going concern is dependent on its ability to secure additional equity or other financing. All of the Company's financial liabilities (other than long-term debt) have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms. As at June 30, 2011, the Company had working capital of \$2,192,499 (December 31, 2010 – Deficiency of \$187,827).

Price risk

The Company holds common shares of TSX and TSXV-traded companies. The Company has classified some of these investments as FVTPL and others as available-for-sale and such common shares are subject to stock market volatility. The value of this financial instrument fluctuates on a daily basis due to external market factors that are not within the control of the Company. The Company monitors the trading value of these common shares in order to ensure that, if in the best interest of the Company, sale of the shares is made under favourable conditions

Sensitivity analysis

Based on management's knowledge and experience of the financial markets, the Company believes the following movements are "reasonably possible" over a one year period:

- i. The Company's marketable securities and investments are subject to fair value fluctuations. As at June 30, 2011, if the fair value of the marketable securities and investments had decreased/increased by 50% with all other variables held constant, net comprehensive income (loss) for the six month period ended June 30, 2011 would have been approximately \$962,000 (2010 - \$19,000) higher/lower.

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CDN\$) FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

18. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives in managing its capital are: to maintain adequate levels of funding to support its expenditures arising from the Company's investments; to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the exploration of its properties; to maintain a flexible capital structure for its projects for the benefit of its stakeholders; to maintain corporate and administrative functions necessary to support the Company's operations and corporate functions; and to seek out and acquire new projects of merit.

The Company considers its capital to be equity, which is comprised of share capital, reserve accounts, accumulated deficit and accumulated other comprehensive income, which as at June 30, 2011 totaled \$2,286,960 (December 31, 2010 - \$10,660).

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. The board of directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage; as such, the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will continue to assess its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

The Company's investment policy is to invest its cash in low-risk, highly liquid, short-term interest-bearing investments, selected with regards to the expected timing of upcoming expenditures.

The Company expects its capital resources will be sufficient to carry out its exploration plans and operations through its current operating period. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the six month period ended June 30, 2011. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

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19. COMMITMENTS AND CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The Company is committed to spending approximately \$416,000 (2010 - \$Nil) associated with the flow-through offerings that were completed in June 2011. The Company intends to fulfill all flow-through commitments by December 31, 2011.

The Company's activities are subject to environmental regulation (including regular environmental impact assessments and permitting) in each of the jurisdictions in which its mineral properties are located. Such regulations cover a wide variety of matters including, without limitation, prevention of waste, pollution and protection of the environment, labour relations and worker safety. The Company may also be subject under such regulations to clean-up costs and liability for toxic or hazardous substances which may exist on or under any of its properties or which may be produced as a result of its operations. It is likely that environmental legislation and permitting will evolve in a manner which will require stricter standards and enforcement. This may include increased fines and penalties for non-compliance, more stringent environmental assessments of proposed projects and a higher degree of responsibility for companies, their directors and employees. The Company has not determined and is not aware whether any provision for such costs is required and is unable to determine the impact on its financial position, if any, of environmental laws and regulations that may be enacted in the future due to the uncertainty surrounding the form that these laws and regulations may take.

The Company may become subject to tax audits of the flow-through expenditures renounced to investors; however, the Company believes that all Canadian Exploration Expenditures were effected and renounced in compliance with the prescribed regulations of the *Income Tax Act (Canada)*.

During the six month period ended June 30, 2011, Mistango signed a one-year lease extension on the Kirkland Lake premises. Pursuant to the terms of the renewed lease agreement, the Company is committed to paying approximately \$22,245, during 2011, to a company owned by the President of Mistango.